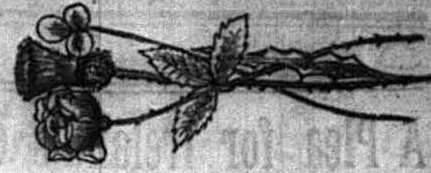


THE COLONIST.



Vol. I. Subscription Rates—\$3.00 per annum.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1886.

Single Copies—One Cent. No. 165.

By Telegraph.

Cloture for the Commons. CONFERENCES ON THE FISHERY DISPUTE.

HALIFAX, N.S., Sept. 23.

Lord Randolph Churchill has intimated that the Government will introduce a measure to modify the method of conducting business in the House of Commons.

The Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs has announced continued conferences with the United States Government. The Government intends to remove the friction between the fishing interests of the United States and Canada.

FORTUNE BAY, Sept. 23.

A Norwegian barque called the *Alpha*, six hundred tons, forty-nine days out from London to Quebec, in ballast, went ashore at Grand Bank Cape, last night, during a northwest gale which prevailed at the time. She had been drifting about in a water-logged condition for the past eight days; the crew are safe, and it is possible, vessel may be got off when weather moderates.

CAPE RACE, To-day.

Westerly gale still blowing, fine. The steamer *Kite* detained here yet. The steamer *Miranda* went west at noon, and the steamer *Crystal*, of Newcastle, from Dundee, for New York, all well, passed at 1.30.

BONAVISTA, this evening.

There is a heavy westerly gale raging here during the past forty-eight hours, but caused very little damage. The fishery may be accounted as over; result very bad; average, per man, about eleven quintals. Unless the Government can provide employment on the breakwater or other public work, the coming winter must prove a fearful time for the unprovided, who will number very many.

OUR ADVERTISING PATRONS.

Notice to tenders..... R. & C. Callahan
Brazil Sand..... P. & L. Tessier
Public temperance meeting..... see advertisement
New books & new editions..... J. F. Chisholm
Fruit-selling off..... At J. W. Foran's
Room paper and bordering..... R. Harvey & Co.
Fire-proof safes & horse-shoes..... M. & J. Tobin

AUCTION SALES.

Billiard Table.

To-morrow, (FRIDAY,) at 11 o'clock,
ON THE PREMISES OF

The late P. Hutchins,
One Superior Billiard Table,
(BY HUESTAN.)

JOHN S. SIMMS,
Auctioneer.

Brewery For Sale.

I am instructed to offer for Sale, by Public Auction, on Friday next, the 24th inst., at 12 o'clock, on the premises, to satisfy a mortgage, all the right, title and interest of Frederick Langston, in and to all that piece or parcel of Land, with all the erections thereon, situate off the Rennie's Mill Road, and commonly known as "Langston's Brewery," together with the Plant and Machinery, and water power, and all singular other privileges and appurtenances thereto belonging. The premises and plant can be inspected at any time on or before day of sale. Unexpired term, 33 years. Ground rent—£20 per annum. For further particulars apply to

T. W. SPRY,
Real Estate Broker.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE TO TENDERS.

TENDERS will be received until the 1st day of October, at noon, by the undersigned, for the ENTIRE STOCK and GOOD-WILL of the

Stone-Cutting Business
(SITUATE IN NEW GOWER STREET)

of the late MARTIN CONNORS. Further information can be had on application to

R. & C. CALLAHAN,
Water Street.

NOTICE!

A PUBLIC TEMPERANCE MEETING, under the auspices of the "LOYAL GRAND LODGE OF NEWFOUNDLAND," will be held TO-NIGHT in the Old Temperance Hall, at 8 o'clock.
P. J. CHISHOLM, Esq., one of the Lecturers of the R.W.G.L., and others, will address the meeting.
Come and hear the Addresses, and help on the work. Admission—FREE. Collection at close to defray expenses.
sep23,11

New Advertisements.

BRAZIL SAND.

150 Tons,

Ex Petunia,

AT UPPER PREMISES

P. & L. Tessier.

sep23,11,fp.

New Books & New Editions.

Beeton's Encyclopedia of Universal Information—in four volumes
Beeton's Universal Instructor—3 vols
Canadian Pictures—drawn with pen and pencil
Australian Pictures " " "
English Pictures " " "
Scottish Pictures " " "
Italian Pictures " " "
Sea Pictures " " "
Chappell's Xmas Musical Album, for 1885
Routledge's World Library—latest Nos
Morley's Universal Library—latest Nos
Cassell's National Library—latest Nos
Religious Tract Society Library—latest Nos
The Young Ladies' Journal, for October
The London Journal—part 35

J. F. Chisholm.

sep23

129--Water Street--129

We are now showing the best patterns in

Room Paper

ever offered in St. John's.

GILT PAPER—from 2s to 5s per piece
THE NEW-MICA PAPER—from 1s 4d per piece
CHOICE PATTERNS—from 4d per piece
Also, a very handsome lot of

Borderings. R. HARVEY.

sep23

Coal. - Coal.

PARTIES purchasing Coal to PUT ON BOARD CRAFT, can obtain *Genuine North Sydney and Glouce Bay* without delay, as we keep a Second Purchase working on each vessel, expressly for the use of Craft.

S. MARCH & SONS.

sep18,3i,fp,eod

Post Office Notice.

PARCEL POST.

FROM and after the 21st day of September, Parcels may (subject to regulations) be transmitted from this Colony to the United Kingdom.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

On every parcel not exceeding two pounds in weight thirty-six cents being the minimum rate, over two pounds the charge will be eighteen cents per pound or fraction thereof.

Maximum Dimensions and Weight.
No parcel exceeding eleven pounds in weight, or over three feet six inches in length, or in breadth and girth measured together six feet (six feet being measured round the thickest part of parcel) shall be conveyed by Post.

Prepayment on all Parcels Compulsory.

The parcels must be handed to an officer of the Post Office, and information will be given by him of the necessary form to accompany each parcel. Certain articles are prohibited to be sent by Post, particulars of which will be given at the office. All parcels will be subject to Customs regulations and import duties.

J. O. FRASER,

General Post Office, } 12i,fp. P. M. G.
Sept 13, 1886.

Coal! - Coal!

NOW LANDING,

AT THE WHARF OF

GOODFELLOW & Co.,

300 Tons Bright Round

North Sydney Coal,

Ex Eschol.

Cheap ex Ship.

sep23,1w

CHEESE.

Just Received, per steamer *Coban* from Montreal,

40 boxes Choice

CANADIAN CHEESE,

(September Make.)

sep20

T. & M. WINTER.

Notice to Sportsmen!

Cartridges, Brass Shells,

SHOT, POWDER, WADS,

REFILLING APPARATUS,

SHELL EXTRACTORS,

CARTRIDGE BELTS,

GAME BAGS, &c., &c., &c.

At Woods's,

sep13 193 Water Street.

Building Lots

In the neighborhood of GEORGE'S TOWN can be purchased for £17-10s. Apply immediately, T. W. SPRY, Real Estate Broker.

aug19

New Advertisements.

SELLING OFF!

At Cost and Charges, Two (2) Large Consignments of FRUIT, from Liverpool and New York:

Oranges, Lemons, Water Melons, Grapes—green and purple; Bananas, Preserving Plums, Table Apples, and other Fruit too numerous to mention.

At J. W. FORAN'S

New and Old Confectionery Stores.

sep23

WATEROUS ENGINE WORKS CO., OF BRANTFORD, CANADA.

Saw Mills, Saw Mill Machinery, AND ENGINES.

The Subscriber having been appointed Agent for Newfoundland, for this well-known firm, is prepared to show catalogues, and quote prices for every description of Machinery, requisite for a Lumber or Shingle Mill, and comprising every known improvement. Prices same as if purchased direct.

M. MONROE,

Agent for Newfoundland.

sep21,3w,fp,3iw,t,th&s,

Goodfellow & Co.

ARE SHOWING SPECIAL VALUE IN

GENTS' E. S. KID BOOTS.

NOW OPEN:

6 Dozen Pairs Gents' E. S. Kid Boots,
Selling at 12s. 6d.—Regular Price, 20s.

sep17,f,m&w

GOODFELLOW & CO.
241 WATER STREET.

The Subscribers beg to inform their friends, and the public generally, that they have received, by recent arrivals, their FALL STOCK OF GROCERIES, which they intend selling at a very small margin of profit to meet the wants of the present depressed state of trade, and more particularly the gloomy outlook that stares the toil-worn fisherman for the coming winter. Now is the time to make provision for the future, ere prices advance.

2 AMERICAN FIRE-PROOF SAFES.

Conducting

—as we anticipate—a fair share of the Fall Trade, we place before our patrons the following Groceries: New Season 1886 Coffee, Sugar, Spices, Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Preserves, Olive Oil, Corned Meat, Sausages, Rice, Barley, Split Peas, Beans, Potatoes, etc.; also, choice brands of Flour, Corn Meal, etc. As we have on hand one thousand bushels of Oats at 3s. per bushel. As we are working on a cash basis, we would call the attention of the small

On Sound

Cash basis, we will offer the foregoing at a nominal remuneration, as well as our carefully-selected stock of Pork, Loin, Jowls, Corn Beef, &c. Our Hardware Department is replete with all requirements for the Mechanic, viz.: I. H. Sorby's Pit Saws, Hatchets and Edge Tools, Spear and Jackson's Hand Saws; also, Tennon, Pannel, Compass, Pad and Fret Saws, Underhill's American Axes, Coopers' Adzes, Bead, Rabbit, G. O. G. Hand Block, Jack and Try Planes, Turn Screws, Gimlets, Squares, Levels and Bevels. We would call the attention of the small

Commercial

dealer to the fact that he will find it to his advantage by inspecting our varied stock, as he travels the thoroughfare of Water Street. Also, in store, lamps, chinaware, crockery, etc., all sorts and sizes, Kerosene selling cheap by the gallon. Many other articles we could mention were it not that our limited space precludes our enumerating them at this particular time. In conclusion we would say to our many friends in St. John's and the vicinity, to remember our motto, which coincides with our

Principles.

CASH SYSTEM - - - SMALL PROFITS.

M. & J. TOBIN,

170 & 172, Duckworth St., St. John's, N.F.

sep23

The Finest Selection of

Fancy Walking Sticks

Ever Imported, from 1s. 6d. to £3 15s. each,

At N. OHMAN'S,

Shop open till 9 o'clock, p.m.

(sep9)

ATLANTIC HOTEL BUILDING.

New Advertisements.

FOR SALE.

The Interest in the Lease of a
SHOP AND DWELLING,
(On Duckworth Street.)
—ALSO, THE—

Stock Dry Goods

(ON THE PREMISES)

AT A VALUATION.

The above is an excellent opportunity for any person with a Small Capital. Apply to

G. KNOWLING.

sep21,fp,tf

Lumber! Lumber!

FOR SALE BY

P. & L. TESSIER.

No. 1 (Seasoned) Planed, Tongued and Grooved
Oak—1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 inch
No. 2 (Seasoned) Planed, Tongued and Grooved
Oak—1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 inch
Canadian No. 1 (Seasoned) Pine Boards
Canadian No. 1 (Seasoned) Pine Plank
Green Bay Clear Pine Boards
Green Bay Merchantable Boards
Nova Scotia Merchantable and cheap Pine Boards
Spruce and Hemlock Boards
Spruce Studding—3x3, 3x4, 4x4—12 to 24 feet long
Spruce Joisting—2x5, 2x6, 2x8, 2x10, 2x12, 2x14, 2x16, 2x18, 2x20, 2x22, 2x24, 2x26, 2x28, 2x30, 2x32, 2x34, 2x36, 2x38, 2x40, 2x42, 2x44, 2x46, 2x48, 2x50, 2x52, 2x54, 2x56, 2x58, 2x60, 2x62, 2x64, 2x66, 2x68, 2x70, 2x72, 2x74, 2x76, 2x78, 2x80, 2x82, 2x84, 2x86, 2x88, 2x90, 2x92, 2x94, 2x96, 2x98, 2x100, 2x102, 2x104, 2x106, 2x108, 2x110, 2x112, 2x114, 2x116, 2x118, 2x120, 2x122, 2x124, 2x126, 2x128, 2x130, 2x132, 2x134, 2x136, 2x138, 2x140, 2x142, 2x144, 2x146, 2x148, 2x150, 2x152, 2x154, 2x156, 2x158, 2x160, 2x162, 2x164, 2x166, 2x168, 2x170, 2x172, 2x174, 2x176, 2x178, 2x180, 2x182, 2x184, 2x186, 2x188, 2x190, 2x192, 2x194, 2x196, 2x198, 2x200, 2x202, 2x204, 2x206, 2x208, 2x210, 2x212, 2x214, 2x216, 2x218, 2x220, 2x222, 2x224, 2x226, 2x228, 2x230, 2x232, 2x234, 2x236, 2x238, 2x240, 2x242, 2x244, 2x246, 2x248, 2x250, 2x252, 2x254, 2x256, 2x258, 2x260, 2x262, 2x264, 2x266, 2x268, 2x270, 2x272, 2x274, 2x276, 2x278, 2x280, 2x282, 2x284, 2x286, 2x288, 2x290, 2x292, 2x294, 2x296, 2x298, 2x300, 2x302, 2x304, 2x306, 2x308, 2x310, 2x312, 2x314, 2x316, 2x318, 2x320, 2x322, 2x324, 2x326, 2x328, 2x330, 2x332, 2x334, 2x336, 2x338, 2x340, 2x342, 2x344, 2x346, 2x348, 2x350, 2x352, 2x354, 2x356, 2x358, 2x360, 2x362, 2x364, 2x366, 2x368, 2x370, 2x372, 2x374, 2x376, 2x378, 2x380, 2x382, 2x384, 2x386, 2x388, 2x390, 2x392, 2x394, 2x396, 2x398, 2x400, 2x402, 2x404, 2x406, 2x408, 2x410, 2x412, 2x414, 2x416, 2x418, 2x420, 2x422, 2x424, 2x426, 2x428, 2x430, 2x432, 2x434, 2x436, 2x438, 2x440, 2x442, 2x444, 2x446, 2x448, 2x450, 2x452, 2x454, 2x456, 2x458, 2x460, 2x462, 2x464, 2x466, 2x468, 2x470, 2x472, 2x474, 2x476, 2x478, 2x480, 2x482, 2x484, 2x486, 2x488, 2x490, 2x492, 2x494, 2x496, 2x498, 2x500, 2x502, 2x504, 2x506, 2x508, 2x510, 2x512, 2x514, 2x516, 2x518, 2x520, 2x522, 2x524, 2x526, 2x528, 2x530, 2x532, 2x534, 2x536, 2x538, 2x540, 2x542, 2x544, 2x546, 2x548, 2x550, 2x552, 2x554, 2x556, 2x558, 2x560, 2x562, 2x564, 2x566, 2x568, 2x570, 2x572, 2x574, 2x576, 2x578, 2x580, 2x582, 2x584, 2x586, 2x588, 2x590, 2x592, 2x594, 2x596, 2x598, 2x600, 2x602, 2x604, 2x606, 2x608, 2x610, 2x612, 2x614, 2x616, 2x618, 2x620, 2x622, 2x624, 2x626, 2x628, 2x630, 2x632, 2x634, 2x636, 2x638, 2x640, 2x642, 2x644, 2x646, 2x648, 2x650, 2x652, 2x654, 2x656, 2x658, 2x660, 2x662, 2x664, 2x666, 2x668, 2x670, 2x672, 2x674, 2x676, 2x678, 2x680, 2x682, 2x684, 2x686, 2x688, 2x690, 2x692, 2x694, 2x696, 2x698, 2x700, 2x702, 2x704, 2x706, 2x708, 2x710, 2x712, 2x714, 2x716, 2x718, 2x720, 2x722, 2x724, 2x726, 2x728, 2x730, 2x732, 2x734, 2x736, 2x738, 2x740, 2x742, 2x744, 2x746, 2x748, 2x750, 2x752, 2x754, 2x756, 2x758, 2x760, 2x762, 2x764, 2x766, 2x768, 2x770, 2x772, 2x774, 2x776, 2x778, 2x780, 2x782, 2x784, 2x786, 2x788, 2x790, 2x792, 2x794, 2x796, 2x798, 2x800, 2x802, 2x804, 2x806, 2x808, 2x810, 2x812, 2x814, 2x816, 2x818, 2x820, 2x822, 2x824, 2x826, 2x828, 2x830, 2x832, 2x834, 2x836, 2x838, 2x840, 2x842, 2x844, 2x846, 2x848, 2x850, 2x852, 2x854, 2x856, 2x858, 2x860, 2x862, 2x864, 2x866, 2x868, 2x870, 2x872, 2x874, 2x876, 2x878, 2x880, 2x882, 2x884, 2x886, 2x888, 2x890, 2x892, 2x894, 2x896, 2x898, 2x900, 2x902, 2x904, 2x906, 2x908, 2x910, 2x912, 2x914, 2x916, 2x918, 2x920, 2x922, 2x924, 2x926, 2x928, 2x930, 2x932, 2x934, 2x936, 2x938, 2x940, 2x942, 2x944, 2x946, 2x948, 2x950, 2x952, 2x954, 2x956, 2x958, 2x960, 2x962, 2x964, 2x966, 2x968, 2x970, 2x972, 2x974, 2x976, 2x978, 2x980, 2x982, 2x984, 2x986, 2x988, 2x990, 2x992, 2x994, 2x996, 2x998, 2x1000, 2x1002, 2x1004, 2x1006, 2x1008, 2x1010, 2x1012, 2x1014, 2x1016, 2x1018, 2x1020, 2x1022, 2x1024, 2x1026, 2x1028, 2x1030, 2x1032, 2x1034, 2x1036, 2x1038, 2x1040, 2x1042, 2x1044, 2x1046, 2x1048, 2x1050, 2x1052, 2x1054, 2x1056, 2x1058, 2x1060, 2x1062, 2x1064, 2x1066, 2x1068, 2x1070, 2x1072, 2x1074, 2x1076, 2x1078, 2x1080, 2x1082, 2x1084, 2x1086, 2x1088, 2x1090, 2x1092, 2x1094, 2x1096, 2x1098, 2x1100, 2x1102, 2x1104, 2x1106, 2x1108, 2x1110, 2x1112, 2x1114, 2x1116, 2x1118, 2x1120, 2x1122, 2x1124, 2x1126, 2x1128, 2x1130, 2x1132, 2x1134, 2x1136, 2x1138, 2x1140, 2x1142, 2x1144, 2x1146, 2x1148, 2x1150, 2x1152, 2x1154, 2x1156, 2x1158, 2x1160, 2x1162, 2x1164, 2x1166, 2x1168, 2x1170, 2x1172, 2x1174, 2x1176, 2x1178, 2x1180, 2x1182, 2x1184, 2x1186, 2x1188, 2x1190, 2x1192, 2x1194, 2x1196, 2x1198, 2x1200, 2x1202, 2x1204, 2x1206, 2x1208, 2x1210, 2x1212, 2x1214, 2x1216, 2x1218, 2x1220, 2x1222, 2x1224, 2x1226, 2x1228, 2x1230, 2x1232, 2x1234, 2x1236, 2x1238, 2x1240, 2x1242, 2x1244, 2x1246, 2x1248, 2x1250, 2x1252, 2x1254, 2x1256, 2x1258, 2x1260, 2x1262, 2x1264, 2x1266, 2x1268, 2

A Plea for Ireland's Cause.

Full Text of the Pamphlet of the Great English Leader, William Ewart Gladstone, M.P., on the Irish Question.

I. GENESIS OF AN IDEA; II. LESSONS OF THE ELECTION.

I.—HISTORY OF AN IDEA.

After the death of Mr. Butt Mr. Shaw became the leader of his party, and in 1880 delivered an exposition of his views in a spirit so frank and loyal to the Constitution, that I felt it my duty at once to meet such an utterance in a friendly manner. I could not, indeed, consistently with the conditions I have laid down, make his opinion my own. But I extract a portion of my reference to his speech, as it is reported.

"I must say that the spirit of thorough manliness in which he approaches this question, and which he unites with a spirit of thorough kindness to us, and with an evident disposition to respect both the functions of this House, and the spirit of the English Constitution, does give hope that if the relations between England and Ireland are to become thoroughly satisfactory, the most important contribution to that essential end will have been made by my honorable friend, and those who speak his name."

THE BRITISH PARLIAMENT TO BE SUPREME IN ALL THINGS.

In a speech at the Guildhall, on receiving an address, I reverted to the subject of Home Rule. This was the period (October, 1881), when I deemed it my duty more than once to denounce in strong terms the movement against rent in Ireland, and with it the extravagant claims which seemed to me to be made in the name of National Independence. Yet I then spoke as follows:—

"It is not on any point connected with the exercise of local government in Ireland; it is not even on any point connected with what is popularly known in that country as Home Rule, and which may be understood in any one of a hundred senses, some of them perfectly acceptable, and even desirable, others of them mischievous and revolutionary—it is not upon any of those points that we are at present at issue. With regard to local government in Ireland, after what I have said of local government in general, and its immeasurable benefits, you will not be surprised if I say that I for one will hail with satisfaction and delight any measure of local government for Ireland or for any portion of the country, provided only that it conform to this one condition, that it shall not break down or impair the supremacy of the Imperial Parliament."

Once more I entered on the subject in the House of Commons on Feb. 9, 1882. I referred to the party led then as now by Mr. Parnell. The citation is from "Hansard":—

"Neither they nor so far as I know Mr. Butt before them, nor so far as I know Mr. O'Connell before him, ever distinctly explained in an intelligible and practical form the manner in which the real knot of this question was to be united. The principle upon which the honorable members propose to proceed is this—that purely Irish matters should be dealt with by a purely Irish authority and that purely Imperial matters should be dealt with by an Imperial Chamber in which Ireland is to be represented. But they have not told us by what authority it is to be determined what matters, when taken one by one, are Irish, and what matters are Imperial. Until, Sir, they lay before the House a plan in which they go to the very bottom of that subject and give us to understand in what manner that division of jurisdiction is to be accomplished the practical consideration of this subject cannot be really arrived at, and for my own part I know not how any effective judgment upon it can be pronounced. Whatever may be the outcome of the honorable member's proposal, of this I am well convinced, that neither this House of Commons, nor any other that may succeed it, will at any time assent to any measure by which the one paramount Central Authority, necessary for holding together in perfect union and compactness this great Empire, can possibly be either in the greatest or the slightest degree impaired. We are not to depart from that principle; and what I put to the honorable gentleman who has just sat down, and to the honorable member who preceded him, is this—that their first duty to us and their first duty to themselves, their first obligation in the prosecution of the purpose which they have in view—namely, the purpose of securing the management of purely Irish affairs by Irish hands—is to point out to us by what authority, and by what instrument, affairs purely Irish are to be divided and distinguished, in order that they may be appropriately and separately dealt with from those Imperial affairs and interests which they have frankly admitted must remain in the hands of the Imperial Parliament."

Mr. Plunkett hereupon stated that he had taken down my words, and that he could only understand them as an invitation to Irish members to re-open the question of Home Rule. Nor did he see how I could, after using such words, re-

sist a motion for a committee on the subject. To any and every plan for referring such a subject to a Committee of Parliament I have at all times been opposed. But Mr. Plunkett's meaning was evident, nor could I dispute the substance of his interpretation.

I will not weary my reader by adding to citations by which his patience is already been so severely tried. But I ask him to remember that down to this time no safeguarding definition of Home Rule has been supplied, and no demand, in the constitutional sense, has been made by the Irish nation. I beg him then, after he has read the foregoing declarations to place himself for a single moment in my position, as one who thought conditions to be indispensable, but also thought that the question might, under conditions be entertained, and then to ask himself whether it was possible more carefully to indicate in outline the limits within which the subject of Irish self-government might, and beyond which it might not, legitimately be considered, and whether it is anything less than absurd to impute to me that my "principles" forbade me to promote it.

(to be continued.)

WORKS OF IMAGINATION.

As the story of the civil war is retold in the pages of the Century magazine, writes Fuller Walker to the Washington Post, we cannot help glancing at the pictures, even those by "Edwin Forbes, after his sketch made at the time," as the letter press frequently informs the reader. But I notice that some of the pictures are from the pencil of R. F. Zogbaum. This seems a little queer. Ten or twelve years ago I was the assistant surgeon of the 23rd regiment, Brooklyn, N. Y., and young Zogbaum was a lieutenant. I knew him very well, and have met him frequently since. He could hardly have been more than 5 years old at the close of the rebellion, and, of course, could not have seen any of the incidents he so graphically depicts for the Century. As magazine works of art, the illustrations are very well, but that it is not exactly the kind of material out of which history is made. Mr. Zogbaum appears to do the same kind of work for the Century which Julian O. Davidson does for Harper's. If an ocean steamship crashes into an iceberg off Newfoundland, Mr. Davidson draws a picture of the scene over in New Jersey, and it is at once reproduced in the weekly or mayhap in the monthly. Anything in the line of watercraft, whether "on the spot" or not, Mr. Davidson can put into black and white. And no matter whether he saw any of the civil war or not, Mr. Zogbaum can illustrate its events just as well, and perhaps better.

THE PARCEL POST.

On and from September 1, 1886, parcels not exceeding 11-lb. in weight will be received at any post office in the United Kingdom for transmission to Newfoundland. Beginning with Tuesday, September 14, parcel mails will be made up at Liverpool for Newfoundland every alternate Tuesday morning in summer, for conveyance by the Newfoundland contract mail steamers, and every alternate Thursday morning in winter for conveyance to Halifax by the Canadian contract mail steamers. Parcels intended to be so sent must be posted so as to reach Liverpool by the night mails on the previous day. In the reverse direction, the parcels will be conveyed to Liverpool by the same lines of steamers and distributed by means of the inland parcel post. The parcel post is already in operation to Ascension, Austria and Hungary, Barbadoes, Belgium, British Guiana, Canada, Cape of Good Hope, Ceylon, Constantinople, Cyprus, Denmark, Egypt, Germany, Gibraltar, Grenada, Heligoland, Holland, Hong Kong, India (including Aden and Burmah), Jamaica, Labuan, Leward Islands, Malta, New South Wales, Norway, St. Helena, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, South Australia, Straits Settlements, Sweden, Switzerland, Tobago, Trinidad, and Victoria. Arrangements for extending the parcels post to France and Italy are also in progress.—*Liverpool Weekly Mercury.*

THREE TIMES THOUGHT DEAD.

SELEM, Mass., September 15.—A child who had been sick with typhus fever at Arbury grove, Hamilton, died some days ago, it was supposed, and was laid out for burial. A few hours afterwards a relative thought she noticed signs of life, and called the attention of others to it. The grave clothes were taken off, and the child put into its bed once more and revived. The following day the child was twice given up for dead, and revived each time. A doctor was summoned from Salem, and at last accounts the child was doing well and considered out of danger.

BAD LOOKOUT FOR LACE MAKERS.

NOTTINGHAM, September 17.—The lace manufacturers of Nottingham have combined in a proposition to reduce the wages of lace-makers fifty per cent. The employees will resist reduction and the lookout considered imminent.

FOR SALE, TEN SHARES In the Union Bank of Nfld.

For particulars apply to
E. P. MORRIS,
Solicitor, Duckworth Street.
sep18,41,tu,th,sa.

A PONY FOR SALE.

A FIRST-CLASS Pony will be sold very cheap, if applied for immediately.
sep20 Apply at this office.

ON SALE BY CLIFT, WOOD & CO., FIFTY SIDES

Harness, Leather,
sep21 ex steamer Coban.

129--Water Street--129

We are now showing a large assortment of
Ladies' Felt Hats—newest shapes.

**Ladies' Straw Hats,
Ladies' Hosiery,
Ladies' Gloves,**
—A LOT OF—

Real Jet Brooches and Ear-rings—cheap

FRILLINGS—in all the new colors
Lot Flower-pot Covers—very handsome
Lot Fancy Goods—suitable for a Bazaar
Lot Fans.

R. HARVEY.

Builders' Supply Store.

Just Received, ex stmr. *Portia*, a supply of our celebrated

Roofing Paint

(in 1-gallon cases.) ALSO, another shipment

Kalsomine.

WILLIAM CAMPBELL.

COAL! COAL! COAL!

NOW LANDING, AND FOR SALE

By **CLIFT, WOOD & Co.,**
180 Tons Bright, Round

Screened Sydney Coal,
ex "Lord Devon."

Sent home cheap to give vessel despatch.
sep17

A. A.

ART EXHIBITION AT THE ASSOCIATION ROOMS, (OLD ACADEMY.)

Open from 10 a.m. to 10 p.m., daily. Admission TEN CENTS.

T. A. H. WOOD, Secretary.

NEWFOUNDLAND

Railway Lands.

80,000 ACRES

On the line between Salmon Cove and Tilton, now offered for sale to actual settlers, on liberal terms.

JOHN BARTLETT,
Acting Land Agent, Brigus.

or to **E. H. SAVILLE,**
General Manager, St. John's.

Patent Luminous COD & SQUID JIGGERS.

THEY have been tested and found to catch fish as well by night as by day. The Luminous Squid Jigger will be found a great boon to fishermen; squids can be caught with this jigger faster by night than with the ordinary jigger by day. Fishermen can now catch their bait at night and fish during the day.

No Fisherman should be without them. Invaluable to Bankers.

Sole Agent for Newfoundland—

GEO. J. STEER.

sep23,2m,tu,th&sat.

Free-Simple Property, situate on the South Side of Lazy Bank Road, for sale by Private Contract.

I AM offering for sale, by Private Contract, a comfortable DWELLING HOUSE, containing 6 bedrooms, together with a large piece of BUILDING GROUND adjoining, situate on the South Side of Lazy Bank Road. The above will be sold at a very reasonable price if applied for immediately. Particulars given on application to
T. W. SPRY,
Real Estate Broker.

BUILDING LOTS.

To Lease, a few Building Lots, for a term of 999 years, situate in a most desirable locality, for only £1 per foot. Apply to
T. W. SPRY,
Real Estate Broker.

FOR SALE,

A FEW pots of superior HOUSE FLOWERS, viz.: "Fuchsias," "Geraniums," and various other choice Flowers; also, White, Pink and Crimson ROSE TREES.
Apply at this office.

FOR SALE,

A Melodeon—nearly new.
will be sold cheap, if applied for immediately.
sep7 Apply at this office.

DORIES! DORIES!

The Subscribers have entered into arrangements for the building of **Banking Dories on Approved American Model,** by a first-class and experienced builder, and of best material.

The Trade can be supplied for next Season on liberal terms. A sample of our Dories will be shown in a few days.

sep21,3w, **HERDER & HALLAREN.**

P. Jordan & Sons

Have just received, per steamer *Portia* from New York,

4 Cases of Bartlett's Celebrated Blacking, which will be sold at a very low figure.

Also, 2 Cases Baltimore Bacon—from 2 to 15-lb. pieces—choice article.

—AND, IN STOCK,—

A LARGE and well-assorted stock of **Provisions and Groceries**, consisting of Bread, Flour, Pork, Jowls, Packet Beef, Molasses (Barbados), Sugar, and Fancy Biscuits, Fruit and Plain Cake. Together with a large and well-assorted Stock of **this Season's Choice Teas**. Also, Feather Beds and Feather, American Oil, Clothes, Sole Leather and a splendid stock of Cigars of the most popular Brands—Tobaccos, Cut Plug, Leader, Solace and other fancy Brands.
Output Orders shall receive their most careful attention and a liberal discount made to wholesale purchasers.

sep21 **P. JORDAN & SONS.**

6,000! - 6,000!

JUST RECEIVED AND NOW READY FOR INSPECTION, AT

W. R. FIRTH'S,

The most complete Stock of WOOLENS ever shown in the City, comprising all the Leading Novelties for—

FALL - AND - WINTER - CLOTHING.


Mixed Wst'd Coatings Venetians, Marl Cloths, Cassimeres.

Irish Frieze, Beavers, Ulsterings, Indigo Pilots.

Diagonals, West Broads, Doeskins, Meltons.

Six Thousand Yards

All New and Seasonable GOODS, MARKED AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.



OUR RANGE OF SUITINGS EMBRACES EVERY NOVELTY, AND IS SIMPLY STARTLING!




CALL AND EXAMINE OUR GRAND DISPLAY OF OVERCOATINGS.




NEWEST West of England and Scotch TROWSERINGS. Very Choice Patterns and Colourings. We have been particularly careful in the selection of our immense Stock, and we are now prepared to meet the requirements of our Patrons and Friends.

We guarantee all Goods as represented, and Clothing made-up perfect in Fit and Finish. London, Parisian and New York Fashion Plates received fortnightly.



This Department Is Replete with latest Novelties.

Sept. 14



Winter Curtains! Winter Curtains!

KEEP the Draft out of your Rooms—both Warm and Beautiful—by using our heavy and handsome WINTER CURTAINS. Will be sold Cheap.

Newfoundland Furniture & Moulding Co.

sep11 **G. H. & C. E. ARCHIBALD.**

Removal Notice.

The Subscriber begs to notify his FRIENDS and the GENERAL PUBLIC

That he has removed his

Book, Stationery and Fancy Goods Business

From 236 Water Street to 299 Water Street—to the Shop lately occupied by McDougall & Templeton, O'DWYER'S BUILDINGS, four doors west of Coastal Steamers Wharf.

sep27 **G. S. MILLIGAN, Jr.**

Cheap! Cheap! Cheap!

KEROSENE OIL!

Kerosene Oil! Kerosene Oil!

100 barrels Kerosene Oil, at

B. & T. MITCHELL'S,

818 Water Street

Select Story.

LOVED AT LAST;

—OR—

A NOBILITY BETTER THAN BIRTH.

CHAPTER VI.—(Continued.)

'Are you content to marry me,' she asked, 'knowing that I despise you—that I look upon you with contempt?' 'Lady Ianthe,' he said, 'I shall know how to change that into love; and I would rather have your contempt, your scorn, than the warmest affection of any other woman.'

'Are you content to marry me, knowing that nothing can bridge over the distance between us—nothing can set you by my side as an equal—nothing can make me forget that you are a plebeian—nothing can make me overlook your social inferiority?' 'I am content,' he replied. 'You love no one else—it will all come in time.'

'My love will not come,' she cried—never think of that.'

'I am content,' he repeated. For some time she was silent, evidently struggling with her anger, and then she said, slowly—

'I repeat that you are doing an unmanly thing in forcing me to marry you. You force me because you leave me no alternative; I must crush my father or marry you. I love my father, as I have always done, better than the whole world besides; that love is the master-passion of my life. To save him I am driven to marry a man whom I neither know, nor like, nor esteem, nor love.'

'It will come,' he repeated. 'I love you so dearly, and I long so passionately for your love, that I shall be content with any terms.'

Her face flushed crimson.

'Will you?' she returned. 'Then I will make those terms as difficult for you as I can. I will be your wife—that is, you shall bear my name—but you shall never even touch my hands; you will have secured me, you will have fast bound me—that seems to me all you wish—but no word of love shall ever cross my lips to you; we shall be together, and yet be further apart than strangers—together without love or affection. If I consent at all, it will be only on those terms. It is for you to decide whether you will accept them. If, after accepting, you break them, presume to ask from me words of affection, presume to touch my hand, to thrust your society upon me, then I swear that I will instantly leave the house. Are you satisfied to have me as your wife on those terms?' 'He looked at her; she was to him so royally beautiful in her scorn, so fair in her anger and defiance, so much more winning even than any other woman in her most complaisant mood that he felt that he could have given his life even for that small victory.'

'Yes,' he said. 'You love no one else. I am content to wait; you will know me and love me better in time.'

'Then, if on those terms you consent to lose your identity, and devote your life to the service of the Carres of Croombe,' she said, imperially, 'I accept your service, and our interview is ended.'

She spoke with ill-concealed contempt; but Herman Culross repeated to himself that love would come in time.

CHAPTER VII.

For some time after Lady Ianthe had swept from the room, Herman Culross stood thinking profoundly. To him, a son of the people, a man of thought and culture, a broad-souled, large minded philosopher, there was something almost unreal in Lady Carre's strong family pride. He could not understand it. He could have understood her being proud of her beauty, or of her magnificent home, but her pride of ancestry was quite beyond him. He thought of it with a smile as the caprice, the whim, the one failing of the loveliest woman he had ever seen. He should be well able to conquer it, he thought; at least, she loved no one else—that was one great point, one great ground of hope. She loved no other man, and, though he was not even to touch her hand or presume to say one affectionate word to her, still they would be together—they would be under the same roof, they would have at least some cares and some duties in common. It would be strange if, with all those opportunities, he could not win her love.

At first he had been inclined to reject her terms with as much scorn as she had shown herself—they were unworthy of him and his love. Then it occurred to him that he could give her a lesson in true nobility. He would give her all and take nothing—he would pour out his devotion with so lavish a hand that she would not be able to help returning some of it. She should see that it was possible for a commoner to have the soul of a gentleman. He would treat her with such chivalry, such delicacy, that she would be compelled to admire him, to admit that a plebeian could have the virtues that she seemed to consider belonged by right divine to the nobles of the land. How proud she was, how scornful, how imperious, but, oh, how beautiful and bright!

Only to be near her, to breathe the same air, to look at her radiant face, to listen to the music of her voice, to watch the grace of her movements—it would be bliss to him. He would win her yet—great love must win great love. The day would come when she would clasp her white arms round his neck, when she would rest her fair, proud face on his breast and say, 'My husband, I have learned to love you at last.' It was worth all the scorn, all the contempt, all the weary waiting. He was content, and, with the whole force of his honest heart, he resolved to do his best—to make her happy and let her have her own way.

Lady Ianthe went at once to her father.

The old Earl's face had a wistful expression as he raised it to hers.

'You have no good news, Ianthe,' he said, despondingly; 'is none in your eyes.'

'Perhaps you will think it good news. I am come to tell you that I have accepted Mr. Culross.'

He could not repress the cry of joy that rose to his lips; his whole aspect changed. His cares and troubles seemed to fall from him; he rose from his seat stronger, more erect than she had seen him for many a day.

'My darling, my beloved Ianthe, you have saved my life!'

'And wrecked my own,' she thought. But meekly and quietly she received the caresses and thanks he lavished on her; and then, when he was calmer and could listen to her, she said—

'I have been quite frank with Mr. Culross, papa. I have told him that I do not love him, and that I never shall.'

'Never shall!' repeated the Earl, in dismay.

'No, papa—never! I have explained to him what I think of such marriages as this—what I think of social barriers—that nothing can set him by my side as my equal.'

The Earl looked at her in astonishment and fear.

'Great Heaven! And what did he say?' 'She paused for a few minutes, and then replied—

'All that he said was very sensible in its way! he did not seem at all surprised.'

'I should have been very much surprised had I been in his place,' said Lord Carre, 'I have never heard of such an acceptance.'

'I showed him the matter as it really stands—that it is simply a business transaction—a commercial arrangement quite in his line. You want a certain sum of money; he has it to lend, and promises to lend it if he may call me his wife. I have given him permission to do so. You see there is no question of sentiment; it is purely a business arrangement. I appealed to his generosity; I ask him to help you without any reference to me. But he declined; and then I placed the matter on its proper footing.'

'But, Ianthe,' cried the Earl, 'he loves you—he does indeed! If ever a man loved a woman, he does you. How cruel you are to him! How proud you are?' 'It is not a question of love, papa, believe me. I have told him that I do not and never shall, love him; yet, if he will not save you on any other terms, I am quite willing to call myself his wife.'

'Well,' said Lord Carre, 'he and you know best. It is a strange affair. He is satisfied, I suppose; but I would not marry a woman who said she did not love me, and designated the marriage as a matter of business.'

'Probably not,' allowed Lady Carre, 'but then you are an earl, and I am a commoner. He is content to accept that which you would scorn. You may be at rest now, papa—you are saved; there will be no more trouble for you.'

He forgot the strangeness of the position then, and fell on her neck, weeping aloud in the fulness of his joy, crying out that she had saved him—that he was free—and praying Heaven to bless her.

'It will all come right in time,' he thought. 'She will be compelled to love him when she realizes how good, and generous, and kind he is.'

After that Ianthe went to her own room and was seen no more that day.

Lord Carre and Mr. Culross had an interview in the evening. They were both rather shy in approaching the subject at first; it was the Earl who broached it.

'My daughter has told me the good news,' he said, smiling. 'I am to call you my son-in-law.'

'Yes,' responded Herman, 'and I hope to prove a good and true one.'

'You found my warning correct—my daughter is really one of the proudest girls in England.'

'Your daughter is all that is beautiful and charming. I consider myself the most fortunate of men.'

'She must have rather astonished you, though,' replied the Earl, 'with her ideas.'

'She could never do anything but delight me; the least caprice sits charmingly on her. I have no fear, Lord Carre. She says she does not love me; but, if the whole strength and power and might and ardor of a man's heart can win a woman, I shall win her yet.'

(To be continued.)

At the British and American Book Store
YOU CAN BUY

The Pickwick Papers

BY CHARLES DICKENS,

FOR TWO PENCE.

J. F. Chisholm.
BAY CHALIEUR BUTTER.FOR SALE,
By CLIFT, WOOD & Co.,
42 tubs, Choice Bay Chalieur Butter.
ex 'Four Brothers,' from New Richmond, P.Q.
sap9

Valuable Fee-simple.

I am instructed to offer for sale, by Private Contract, all that valuable piece of LAND, belonging to the estate of late James Browning, situated on the north side of Water Street, and on the east side of Leslie Street. The Land will be sold in lots to suit purchasers. For particulars of title, &c., apply to

T. W. SPRY,
Real Estate Broker.

BUTTER! BUTTER! BUTTER!

ON SALE BY
By CLIFT, WOOD & Co.,
147 Tubs Choice New Dairy Butter.

Ex 'Soudan,' from Antigonish.

sap3.

ANNUAL VO

Offered at the following prices for one month only:

The Leisure Hour for 1882, 1883, and 1884, 7s. 6d. for 1885, 8s.
The Sunday at Home for 1885, 8s.
The Sunday Magazine for 1882 and 1883, 9s. for 1884, 9s. 6d.
The Magazine of Art for 1882 and 1883, 20s. each.
The Welcome for 1883, 1885, 10s. each.
The Boys of England, Cloth Gilt, Vols. 30, 31 and 32, 5s. each.
The Boys Own Annual, Vols. 5 and 7, 8s. each.
The Girls Own Annual, Vol. 7, 8s.
The Daisy Family Magazine, Vols. 10, 11 and 12, 6s. each.
The Something to Read, Vols. 4, 5, 6 and 7, 5s. each.
The Family Herald, Vols. 41, 52, 53 each.
The Bow Bells, various Volumes, 6s. 6d.
The London Journal (various volumes)
The Chambers Journal for 1882 and 1883, 1884 and 1885, 11s. 6d. each.
The English Illustrated Magazine for 1883 and 1884, 10s. each.

sep13

J. F. Chisholm.

ST. MICHAEL'S ORPHANAGE BAZAAR.

THE LADIES who have so kindly consented to take Tables at the BAZAAR in behalf of Saint Michael's Orphanage, Belvidere, Beg to announce that it will come off next October. Any donations of food or money will be thankfully received by the Table-holders, or by the Sisters of the Convent, Belvidere.
aug18, edoct.

Dwelling House opposite Saint Patrick's Hall for sale by Private Contract.

I AM instructed to offer for sale, by Private Contract, a desirable and comfortable Dwelling House, situated on Queen's Road, and opposite St. Patrick's Hall, containing Drawing-room, Parlor, Dining-rooms, six Bed-rooms, Kitchen, Frost-proof Vegetable Cellar, Closet and pantry. Term unexpired, 22 years. Ground rent, £5. The above will be sold cheap if applied for immediately. For further particulars apply to

T. W. SPRY,

Real Estate Broker.

A Good Business Stand, situate at Toad's Cove, for Sale by Private Contract.

For Sale, by Private Contract, a Large New DWELLING HOUSE, with Extensive SHOP attached, situate at Toad's Cove, Southern Shore. Possession given immediately. Apply to

T. W. SPRY,

Real Estate Broker.

F. W. CUNNINGHAM,

Cor. Duke and Water Streets.

HALIFAX, N.S.

Commission and Forwarding Agent.

Particular attention given to the purchasing and shipping of all kinds of American, Canadian and Nova Scotian Produce and Fruits, and other Staples. Quotations furnished on application by mail or wire. Correspondence solicited, P.O. box 72.
aug10, 3m

NEW BUTTER! NEW

FOR SALE BY

Clift, Wood & Co.,

73 tubs New Cape Breton Butter

sep9 ex 'Denholm,' from Baddeck.

THE DOMINION SAFETY FUND

Life Association.

Head Office, - - St. John, N.B.

FULL DOMINION GOVERNMENT DEPOSIT.

NO CLAIMS UNPAID.

All Policies Indisputable after three months.

The system is endorsed by the highest authorities on the American Continent, as safe. Insurance effected at less than half the cost charged in first-class offices with equal security. Premiums paid yearly or quarterly, as desired by the Policy-holders.

President:

LOUIS DEWOLFE SPURR.

Secretary:

CHARLES CAMPBELL.

Medical Adviser:

K. MACKENZIE, M.D.

Agent for Newfoundland:

OLIPHANT FRASER.

j25.

Unprecedented Bargains in Dry Goods.

WILLIAM FREW

EGGS respectfully to inform the public that he has just returned from the ENGLISH and SCOTCH Markets, where he has been able to secure, for Cash, some of the Cheapest lines ever offered in Newfoundland:

DRESS MATERIALS,

(6d., 8d., 10d.; worth 9d., 1s., 1s. 3d.)

COSTUME CLOTHS—1s. 6d., 2s.; worth 2s., 2s. 6d.
Marvellous Value in Ladies' Mantles—25s., worth 70s.
Wonderful value in Unbleached Cotton—24d., 3d., 4d., worth 4d., 5d., 6d.
A rare line in White Shirting—4d., 4½d., 5d.
Extraordinary Bargains in Mens' Fancy Shirts—2s. 6d., 3s.
Also, another shipment of our Celebrated Ladies' Seam-to-toe Kid Boots—8s. 9d.

WILLIAM FREW,

191, Water Street.

sep7

THE NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE

Insurance Company.

[ESTABLISHED A. D., 1809]

RESOURCES OF THE COMPANY AT THE 31ST DECEMBER, 1885:

Authorized Capital	£3,000,000
Subscribed Capital	2,000,000
Paid-up Capital	500,000
II.—FIRE FUND.	
Premium Reserve	£844,576 19 11
Balance of profit and loss act.	362,188 18 3
	67,895 12 6
	£1,274,661 10 8
III.—LIFE FUND.	
Accumulated Fund (Life Branch)	£3,274,835 19 1
Do. Fund (Annuity Branch)	473,147 3 2
	£3,747,983 2 3
REVENUE FOR THE YEAR 1885.	
FROM THE LIFE DEPARTMENT.	
Nett Life Premiums and Interest	£469,075 5 3
Nett Life Premiums (including £108,992 4 6 single payment)	124,717 7 11
Interest	£593,792 13 4
FROM THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.	
Nett Fire Premiums and Interest	£1,157,073 14 0
	£1,750,866 7 4

The Accumulated Funds of the Life Department are free from liability in respect of the Fire Department, and in like manner the Accumulated Funds of the Fire Department are free from liability in respect of the Life Department.

Insurances effected on Liberal Terms.

Chief Offices,—EDINBURGH & LONDON.

GEO. SHEA,

General Agent for Newfoundland.

mar6, tey.

By the Subscriber,

A LARGE AND WELL ASSORTED STOCK OF

Provisions, Groceries Wines & Spirits

Bread, Flour, Family Mess Pork, Loins, and Jowles, Butter—choice Canadian, Beef, Brawn and Lunch Tongue—in 2lb tins, Sardines—1lb & 1½lb tins. Salmon, Lobsters and Oysters—in 1lb tins.

Belfast Hams and Bacon, English Hams and Bacon, English Green and Split Peas, Calavances and Canadian White Peas, Corn Meal and Corn in seamless sacks.

Pearl Barley, Rice, Oatmeal, Macaroni, Tapioca, Sago, Brown and Polson's Corn Flour, Baking Powder, Egg Powder, Cream Tartar, Bread Soda, Hops, Currants, Raisins and Dried Apples.

Tea, Coffee, Chocolate and Cocoa, Condensed Milk, Brown & White Sugar, Biscuits, Assorted Preserves in tins and large packages.

Confectionery (assorted), Mixed Pickles, Chow Chow, Lee & Perrins Sauce, Mushroom Catsup.

Mustard in tins, boxes and kegs, Pepper—white and black, Ginger, Allspice, Cinnamon, Nutmegs, and Cloves, Black Lead, Knife Polish, Knife Brick, Harness Liquid, Shoe Polish, Shoe Stove and Scrubbing Brushes, Colman's Blue Starch and Ball Blue, Wash Boards, Wood Buckets, Clothes Pins, Brown, Windsor, Glycerine and assorted Fancy Soaps, Paraffine, Spermin, Wax & J. Morril's Mould Candles, Chimnies, Burners and Wicks, Mount Bernard Crown and other brands Tobacco, Cigars and Matches, New York Sole Leather and Shoe Pegs.

Champagne, Port, Sherry, Claret and other Wines, Brandy, Whisky, Gin, Old Jamaica and Demerara Rum, Bass's Ale, and Burke's Porter, Raspberry and Lemon Syrup, Lime Juice, &c., and other articles too many to mention, selling at prices to defy competition. Satisfaction guaranteed.

J. J. O'Reilly,

No. 40, Water Street and 43 & 45, King's Road.

y12.

EXCELSIOR MARBLE WORKS,

No. 40, NEW GOWER STREET,

Formerly carried on by the late MARTIN CONNORS, will in future be conducted by the Subscriber, who hopes, by strict attention to business, to merit a share of the patronage.

Support Orders left at Messrs. R. R. & C. CALLAHAN'S, Water Street, who receive strict attention.

PATRICK CONNORS.

jv6, fp, tf.

LONDON & LANCASHIRE

Fire Insurance Company.

Claims paid since 1862 amount to £3,461,563 stg.

FIRE INSURANCE granted upon almost every description of Property. Claims are met with Promptitude and Liberality.

The Rates of Premium for Insurances, and all other information, may be obtained on application to

HARVEY & CO.,

Agents, at John's, Newfoundland.

mar6, tey.

THE DAILY COLONIST

Is Published every afternoon by "The Colonist Printing and Publishing Company" Proprietors, at the office of the Company, No. 1, Queen's Beach, near the Custom House.

Subscription rates, \$3.00 per annum, strictly in advance.

Advertising rates, 50 cents per inch, for first insertion; and 25 cents per inch for each continuation. Special rates for monthly, quarterly, or yearly contracts. To insure insertion on day of publication advertisements must be in not later than 12 o'clock, noon.

Correspondence relating to Editorial or Business matters will receive prompt attention on being addressed to

P. R. BOWERS,

Editor of the Colonist, St. John's, Nfld.

Daily Colonist.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1886.

SPANISH INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION—1887-8.

Formerly Spain was our best customer for our great staple—cod-fish. How we lost that trade is well known. Is there any use, with the knowledge and experience now at the service of our fishermen and supply merchants to attempt to regain it? If there be, an opportunity will be at hand to try next year. We observe by the English papers received yesterday, that Lord Idlesleigh has received, through the Spanish Ambassador, a copy of the regulations for the International Exhibition to be held at Barcelona between September, 1887, and April, 1888. The exhibition will embrace agriculture, industry, commerce, marine engineering and education, and will be held under the auspices of the Spanish Government. Amongst the regulations, is one stating that the government will adopt necessary measures in order to protect in Spain those inventions capable of being patented, and drawings and models, as well as industrial trademarks of goods represented at the exhibition. Communications respecting space and exhibits should be addressed to Junta Directiva of the International Exhibition at Barcelona, and directed Oficinas del Parque.

TORY BIGOTS AND THE NEW HOME SECRETARY.

ATTACK ON LORD RANDOLPH CHURCHILL.

(From the Liverpool Daily Post, Sept. 14.)

The directors of the Scottish Protestant Alliance have been summoned to meet this week and consider Sir Randolph Churchill's reply to their remonstrance against the appointment of a Roman Catholic as a Secretary of State. Meanwhile the Rev. James Paton, minister of St. Paul's, Glasgow, and a director of the Alliance, has written to His Lordship as follows:—"You have penned an insolent reply to a respectful public document. You are now a Cabinet Minister, but I observe with astonishment and regret that you have not laid aside those weapons of abuse and scorn with which you tomahawked your way to power. You seem to think it not unworthy of a Minister to the Queen to describe a body of representative men as senseless and irrational for daring to differ from you on a matter of public policy. It is a national calamity when men, pitchforked into a high position, are destitute of decent manners. It is one thing to tear opponents and growl over them like the bulldog of politics; it is quite another to be a British statesman." Mr. Paton, after this preface, argues that the Alliance founded their protest on the same grounds as excluded Papists from the Throne. The following is the correspondence:—"The Scottish Protestant Alliance, 81, St. George's-place, Glasgow, Sept. 7, 1886.

"To the Right Hon. Lord Randolph Churchill, &c.

"My Lord—I have the honor to inform you that at a meeting in Glasgow, yesterday, of the Directors of the Scottish Protestant Alliance, the recent appointment of a Roman Catholic to the Cabinet office of Home Secretary was considered, when the following resolution was unanimously adopted:—"That as the Papacy claims universal supremacy over all sovereigns and their subjects; as Roman Catholics can no longer render an undivided allegiance to Protestant princes; and as the avowed aim of the Papacy is to reduce Britain to subjection to the Vatican, this meeting protests against the elevation of Roman Catholics to positions of power and trust in the British Empire."

"I have the honour to be, my Lord, your lordship's most obedient and very humble servant,

"JAMES KERR."

Treasury-chambers, Whitehall, Sept. 9, 1886.

"Sir—I beg to acknowledge the receipt of your letter, enclosing a copy of resolution passed by the Directors of the Scottish Protestant Alliance, and, in reply, to remark that I observe with astonishment and regret that, in this age of enlightenment and general toleration, persons professing to be educated and intelligent can arrive at conclusions so senseless and irrational as those

which are set forth in the aforesaid resolution. I am, Sir, yours faithfully,

"RANDOLPH S. CHURCHILL."

MANCHESTER CONSERVATIVES AND THEIR HOME SECRETARY—EXTRAORDINARY BIGOTRY.

At the quarterly meeting of the Manchester Conservative Association, held last night, under the presidency of Colonel Sowler, the following resolution was moved and seconded:—"That this meeting of the Manchester Conservative Association, whilst rejoicing at the return of a Conservative Administration to power, desires to give expression to its deep concern and disappointment consequent upon the selection of a Roman Catholic to fill the important office of Cabinet Minister in the capacity of Secretary of State for the Home Department; and this meeting would further submit that, considering the imperious claims of the Papacy to absolute ascendancy for purposes of its own, such an appointment is opposed to the spirit of thorough-going loyalty to the British Throne and Constitution, is contrary to the spirit of the Act providing for the Protestant succession to the Crown, and is inimical to our liberties and the spirit of broad toleration which has so long characterized these realms, and placed her in this as in other respects so pre-eminently above all other countries where Romish influence preponderates." After some discussion the resolution was negatived.

The most difficult lesson many people find to learn is the lesson of toleration. The intolerance of the Scottish Protestant Alliance and of a section of the Manchester Conservative Association, was caused by the appointment of Mr. Matthews, an English Catholic, to the position of Secretary of State in the Salisbury-Churchill Administration, and, if we mistake not, he is the only Catholic who has a seat in the present Cabinet. From the answer of Lord R. Churchill it is evident that he understands the responsibility of his position; and though he rode into power by stirring up the evil passions of Belfast, he has a sovereign contempt for the very tools he employed to attain the object of his ambition. The same clamour was raised by the fanatics and bigots a short time ago at the appointment of the Marquis of Ripon to the Vice-Royalty of India. He proved to be one of the most popular and successful rulers of that important part of the realm that England has ever had to guard her interests, much to the discomfort of the bigots, all of whom combined, very probably, had not brains enough to manage the affairs of a petty corporation. The ill-advised conduct of the intolerants will have the effect of making Churchill ashamed of the means he took "to tomahawk" his way into power, and making him in future pursue a more statesmanlike and liberal minded policy. The age of bigotry and intolerance is passing rapidly away, and the sooner it is forever "subsidized in the sand" the better will it be for every right and interest which Christians and freemen cherish.

Walking Tournament at New Era Ground.

SECOND NIGHT'S CONTEST.

Raynes but 5 Laps Ahead of Stevenson.

Owing to the high winds prevailing last night, not more than 600 persons attended the Walking match at the New Era Grounds last night. At 7.30 Messrs. Steaklum and Gearin, as Referees, and Mr. P. J. O'Neil, official time-keeper, took their places. On time being called, the positions were:

	MILES.	LAPS.
RAYNES.....	17	8
O'NEIL.....	17	6
STEPHENSON.....	16	8
ENGLISH.....	16	5

Amid cheering and clapping from the spectators the second night's work began. During the first hour the three first men settled down into a steady run. J. Raynes and L. O'Neil put up some excellent spurring occasionally, but the steady tramp of Stevenson scarcely ever varied during the hour. At the end of that time Mr. O'Neil called 8.30, and announced the distance traversed by the contestants to be,

	MILES.	LAPS.
RAYNES.....	25	7
O'NEIL.....	24	7
STEPHENSON.....	24	2
ENGLISH.....	22	4

English, it will be seen, had lost nearly two miles within the hour. He did not look tired or exhausted, but he was evidently husbanding his strength for the final tug-to-night; by this move he will, no doubt, lose first place, but will stand a good chance of second prize. At 9.30, on the record being read, the positions were,—

	MILES.	LAPS.
RAYNES.....	31	6
STEPHENSON.....	30	8
O'NEIL.....	30	6
ENGLISH.....	28	1

It will be seen from this that notwithstanding O'Neil's spurring that Stephen-

son, by his persistent even tramp, won the second place. During the next half hour O'Neil was forced to leave the track, through a slight faintness, for a short time. Stephenson improved the time to such advantage that when O'Neil came on again he was a mile behind. The following was the record when time for closing was called:—

	MILES.	LAPS.
RAYNES.....	38	1
STEPHENSON.....	37	5
O'NEIL.....	36	7
ENGLISH.....	33	6

The match will be considered over at 10.30 to-night, when the prizes will be distributed. The music, by Professor Bennett's band, was even better last night than on the night previously, the strains must have, no doubt, added vigor and courage to the pedestrians. To-night being the last, a large crowd will, no doubt, be present.

Correspondence.

The Editor of this paper is not responsible for the opinions of correspondents.

"STRAINING AT A GNAT, AND SWALLOWING A CAMEL!"

(To the Editor of the Colonist.)

MR. EDITOR.—Though I am not a very early riser, yet in coming into town a few mornings ago—as I live in one of the rural districts—at rather an early hour, say a quarter to 8 o'clock, I noticed rather an unusual commotion amongst some of the police authorities.

Some of them, out at that early hour, almost in full uniform, I happened to meet one of these officials—his very appearance seemed to indicate that something serious had taken place, as I noticed his quick step, his flashing eye and his careworn countenance. I also noticed a long sheet of paper in his hand. Being rather alarmed as to what had taken place, I began to inquire "What is up?" "What had taken place?" "Has a foreign foe invaded our shores? No that cannot be, for there is no sign of the cavalry being called out. No, not so much as the spurs on. Has any burglary been committed; has any terrible crime been perpetrated? Oh, yes! oh, yes! What is it at all to have called out these gentlemen, who represent style, order and dignity, at such an early hour? Ah, the secret gets out; somebody told somebody that somebody heard somebody say that they heard a report of a gun in the neighborhood of Lady Pond. Poaching! Poaching! for the shooting season will not open until the 15th of September. Get out the detectives, dress up the gentlemen of the baton in civilian clothes, and station them upon the hunting grounds.

Now, Mr. Editor, I know it's not right for any of the laws of the country to be broken. But why the straining at a gnat, and yet quietly lowering down the camel? Why should one law be allowed to be broken with impunity, whilst such vigilance is manifested with regard to another? Why is it that the Permissive Act is allowed to be violated almost every day, right under the notice of the police officials? Why is shebeening allowed to such an extent, and some of these next door to some of our police authorities?

Now, Sir, as to the important effects of the laws being broken. What are the effects of this Game-Law being broken? Why! a few clerks will be disappointed in their game, and a few government officials may have to travel a few miles farther. But what are the effects of the illegal sale of intoxicating liquors in our midst? Let the wail of the orphan and widow—let the broken-hearted mothers and wives—let every trade and profession, reply.

The Permissive Act in force here has conferred an incalculable benefit on this district, yet its benefit would be far greater if the law had not been violated as it has; and, we hope, the day will never come that shall witness the legal sale of intoxicating liquors again.

I remain, Mr. Editor, Yours &c., Harbor Grace, Sept. 8, 1886. PUER-RURIS.

News by the English Mail.

From papers received to the 15th inst. by the steamer *Nova Scotian*, we take the following English and Continental news:—

The *Liverpool Express* of the 14th says:—"The air is filled with rumors of war. It is not so much from Foreign-office circles as from individuals that the alarming statements come. Men in touch with public opinion in Berlin and Vienna say that the relations between Austria and Russia are becoming very strained, and that one may look for events to take an ugly turn on a very early date. If men who spake with an air of authority upon German matters are to be believed, Prince Bismarck is bent on supporting Austria in every movement which she makes. In London German circles there has been quite a commotion for the last two days, but everything is against an immediate outbreak of hostilities. It is pretty clear, however, that we are on the eve of stirring events in Southeastern Europe.

PANIC IN A CHURCH.

VIENNA, Sept. 12.—During early mass yesterday at the Pilgrimage Church at Radna, in Hungary, the hangings of one of the side altars caught fire. The

church was crowded with worshippers, who made a rush for the doors. In the terrible panic that ensued, numbers of people leaped from the galleries on to the heads of the dense throng below. Several hundred people are stated to have been injured.

According to later particulars concerning the panic in the Pilgrimage Church, at Maria Radna, Hungary, 15 persons were crushed to death, while 30 others were severely and about 100 slightly injured.

GREAT FAILURE IN THE CORN TRADE.

The incidents connected with the Megaw failure formed almost the sole topic of discussion in the mercantile resorts of Dublin. So far as can be ascertained there are warrants outstanding for 110,000 quarters of corn, supposed to be in the store of the Dublin Warehouse Company, and the actual quantity in the stores is 65,000 quarters, leaving a deficiency of about 45,000 quarters. The directors have removed Mr. Megaw from the office of managing director.

MR. GLADSTONE'S IRISH ADMIRERS.

A Chester correspondent writes:—As soon as possible, after Mr. Gladstone's return, there will be some interesting proceedings at Hawarden. A deputation from the Cork Town Council, consisting of the Mayor and Town Clerk, will wait on the ex-Premier to present sent him with the freedom of the City of Cork. The authorities in several other Irish towns have expressed a wish to follow suit. An address from the ladies of Ireland is also to be presented to Mr. Gladstone. The Mayor of Cork is also in communication with the promoters of the movement for presenting the address from Irish women. With a view to arranging that all the deputations shall visit Hawarden the same day, the 21st inst. has been named, but our correspondent was informed that it is now highly improbable that the presentations will take place so early. Indeed quite another week may elapse before the event comes off.

Professor Stuart and the Rev. T. V. and Mrs. Wickham are the only guests at the Castle. In Harwarden Park yesterday a tea was generously provided for all the aged women in the parish. A similar treat having been given to about 1000 children on Saturday.

FROUDE, THE FALSIFIER OF HISTORY, BROUGHT TO BOOK.

(From the Quebec Telegraph.)

If the silver-tongued Dominican, the great Father Burke, of lamented memory, were now living, he would smile at the terrible mess—his old antagonist, Froude, has once more got himself into, in attempting to write history! The great Dominican's most ardent admirers, the warmest friends of Ireland and the Irish people, could not possibly have wished for a more complete justification of his criticisms of Froude, for a more thorough vindication of the position, Father Burke took in defence of Irish history, than Froude himself has just furnished in bringing home to Englishmen and their descendants a lively sense of his utter unreliability as a chronicler even of contemporaneous facts. Unfortunately for Froude, it is not the Irish but the English ox that he has gored this time. In undertaking to write a book about Australasia and the Australasians, about the people of the "Greater Britain," as it is styled, of the Southern seas, and in dealing with the facts of their history, even in our own day, so cavalierly and unscrupulously as he dealt with those of the history of the Irish people, he has discovered when too late that he has bankrupted himself in reputation even with his whilom admirers. The sturdy populations of Australia and New Zealand have no intention that their record shall go down to posterity falsified and garbled by a literary pretender, whose high and lofty style of doing business has hitherto so much imposed upon the credulity of the world. They have charged him in the most straightforward terms with perverting the truth and their protests are coming thick and vigorous from the antipodes. They resent his supercilious, patronising airs, his offensive snobbery, and his overwhelming ignorance of what he writes about in their regard, and, what is more, they show conclusively that both their charges and their resentment are well founded. One of their number, Mr. Edward Wakefield, goes for Mr. Froude in the current *Nineteenth Century* in a manner which is particularly grateful to the Irish heart. He says:—"How such a man as Mr. Froude can even have written such a book as *Oceana* is one of those unfathomable mysteries which are destined never to be solved. It is certainly the worst book which has ever been written on these Colonies! which is the severest thing I can say of it."

"But it is futile to go on picking holes in a book which is like the Irishman's coat is more holes than stuff. Suffice it to say that a perusal of *Oceana* gives us a totally new conception of how history is written. If this is the sort of work Mr. Froude produces from the utmost abundance of exact, recent and thoroughly trustworthy information, from facts patent to his own knowledge, from per-

sons in contact with him, from events progressing under his own eyes, what are we to think of those monumental productions of his, which have been compiled on dubious surmises and vague conclusions, drawn from ancient and abstruse documents or from second hand sources, corrupted or obscured by a thousand errors or misconstructions. If *Oceana* is his story of the Australian colonies in our own day, "beware of his books on old countries in old times."

REMARKABLE DISCOVERY.

A correspondent of the *Morning Post* says—Dr. Creswell Hewitt, of Lincoln's-inn-fields, has discovered the synthetic or artificial mode of making quinine, by which the price of that drug will be reduced to something like 3d. per ounce. The importance of this discovery, which was made two or three weeks ago through the accidental breaking of a medicine bottle, is rendered greater by the fact that while hitherto we have been depending for our quinine on the cultivation of the chinchona tree, from whose bark only about 2 per cent. of good quinine can be extracted, 98 per cent being valueless, the drug can now be manufactured without limit by a very simple process from an article which can always be got in abundance in any part of the world. A few days ago Dr. Hewitt submitted a sample of his preparation to Messrs. Howard and Sons, quinine manufacturers, Stratford, who have expressed surprise at the result of their analysis, the sample being equal to the best quinine in the market. The discoverer is about to communicate with the Government, who annually spend in India alone about £60,000 in the cultivation of the conchona tree.

DELICACY OF THE SENSE OF SMELL.

The delicacy of the sense of smell in the dog, the shark, and insects is well recognised. Man is not greatly gifted with the olfactory sense compared with these; but if we may place reliance on the experiments of Professor Valentine, the delicacy is fairly great even in human beings. If we can sniff a tenth of a pint of air containing bromine in the proportion of a thirty thousandth of a milligramme, or the same quantity of air impregnated with the two millionth of a milligramme of sulphuretted hydrogen, we cannot mathematically have ground of complaint against our olfactory sense. Still less can this be the case if we can, as seems likely, detect the 230-millionth of a milligramme of sulphuretted alcohol or mercaptan.—*The Lancet*.

Local and other Items.

The heating apparatus in the Post Office was put in operation yesterday, for the first time.

The steamer *Curlew*, which sails tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock, will go to Bonne Bay this trip.

James O'Donnell, Esq., was amongst the number of passengers who came by the *Nova Scotian* yesterday. He is looking well and hearty and evidently enjoyed his sojourn on the "Old Sod."

A Petty harbor boat belonging to Andrew Brien, that was out fishing near Cape Spear, yesterday, was forced to take shelter under the Northern head last night, owing to high wind. She got in here, all well, at an early hour this morning.

The steamer *Plover* left for the Northward at 10 o'clock this morning. She took a large freight and the following passengers:—

St. Anthony—Mrs. Reed. Little Bay—Mrs. Redmond, Mr. Reddin. Exploits—Captain J. Winsor. Nipper's Harbor—Miss Stokes. Twillingate—Messrs. J. Pitman, F. Berteau. Fogo—Miss Bessie Furneaux, Miss Hagen, Mrs. Torrville, Mr. J. Noel. Greenspond—Mr. Wm. Pumphrey. Bonaville—Rev. Dr. Milligan. Catalina—Rev. J. B. Heale, Mr. Chauncey. Trinity—Mrs. F. W. Old Perlican—Mrs. Snelgrove; 2 in steerage.

The steamer *Nova Scotian* arrived here, from Liverpool and Queenstown, at 10.30 p.m. yesterday. She left Liverpool on Tuesday, the 14th inst. The run across was a good one, till the last two days, when strong winds were experienced. The boat brought about five hundred tons of freight for St. John's. The following is a list of her passengers:—

From Liverpool—Rev'ds A. Falconer and J. B. Heale, Mrs. H. Hayward, Mrs. R. Ayre, Mrs. J. Angel, Mrs. R. Handford-Mance, Mrs. R. J. Kent, Miss Minnie Tobin, Miss F. Pitts, Miss E. Trippe, Miss Heal, Messrs. J. Angel, E. S. Carter, J. F. Chisholm, A. F. Dearin, R. Handford-Mance, James O'Donnell, Master Kent; 1 intermediate and two in steerage. For Halifax—Miss Allen, Sir H. Hoyle, Mr. M. Curtin and Mr. Mellish.

Hotel Arrivals.

ATLANTIC HOTEL.

Sept. 20—Aug. Cairn, Yarmouth, N.S.; C. Dawe, Bay Roberts. 21—Miss Allen, Dr. Allen, Harbor Grace; Rev. J. McCullow, Belle Isle. 22—Ed. and Mrs. Stairs, Miss Stairs, Miss Sutherland, Halifax, N.S.; Mr. and Mrs. Mauce, St. Pierre, Miq.

Deaths.

BROCKLEHURST.—At Carboneau, Sept. 22nd, Bertram (Bertie), aged two years and three months, beloved child of George and Hannah Brocklehurst. SHANNAHAN.—At Renoua, on the 17th inst., after a long illness, Matthew, eldest son of John and Anne Shannahan, aged 26 years.—R.I.P.